

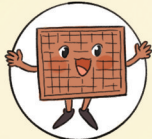


Chinese Go 中国围棋

Chinese Go is also known as “Weiqi”.

It's an ancient board game.

People all over the world are interested in Go matches.

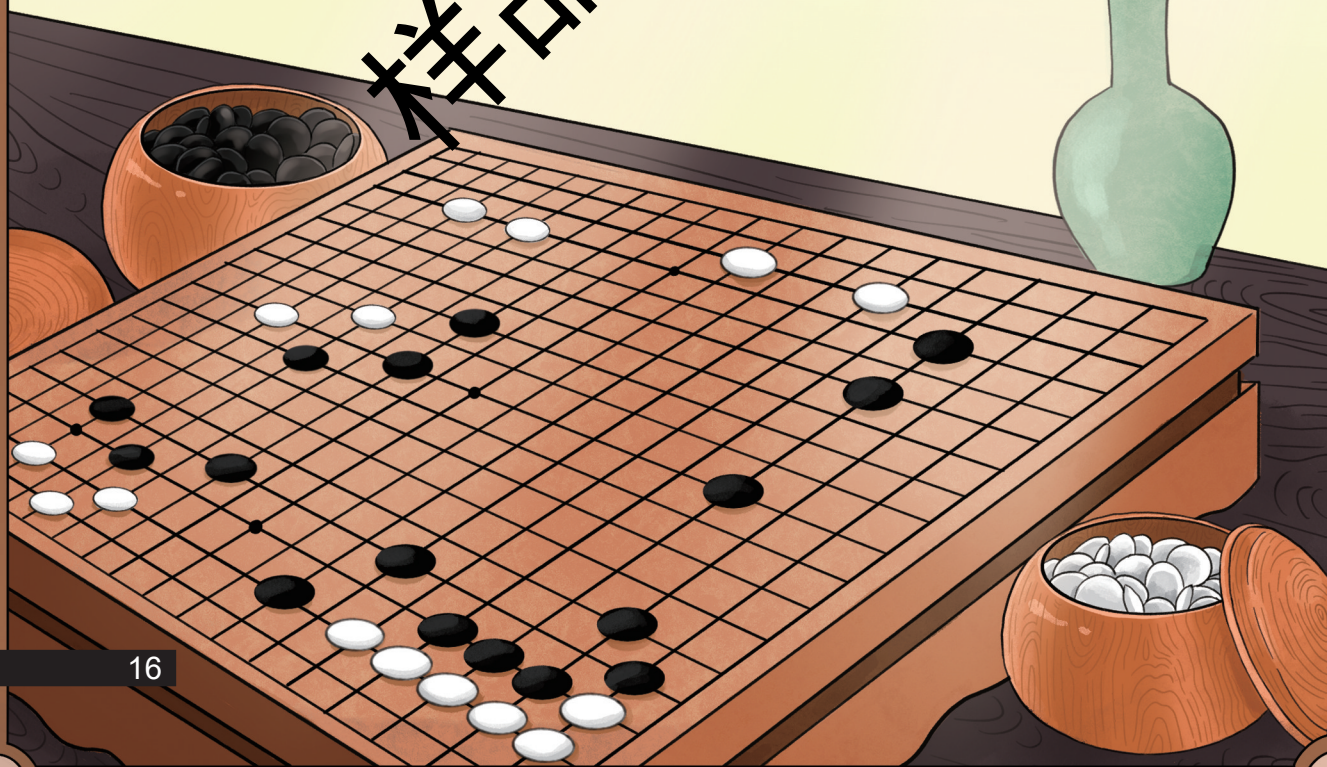


I have a Go board. There are 19×19 grid lines (网格线).

So there are 361 crosses (交叉点) on the board.

I have 181 black stones and 180 white stones in total.

The stones are round and smooth.





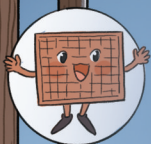
Let's play!

Place stone pieces on the Go board.

The black stone moves first, then the white.

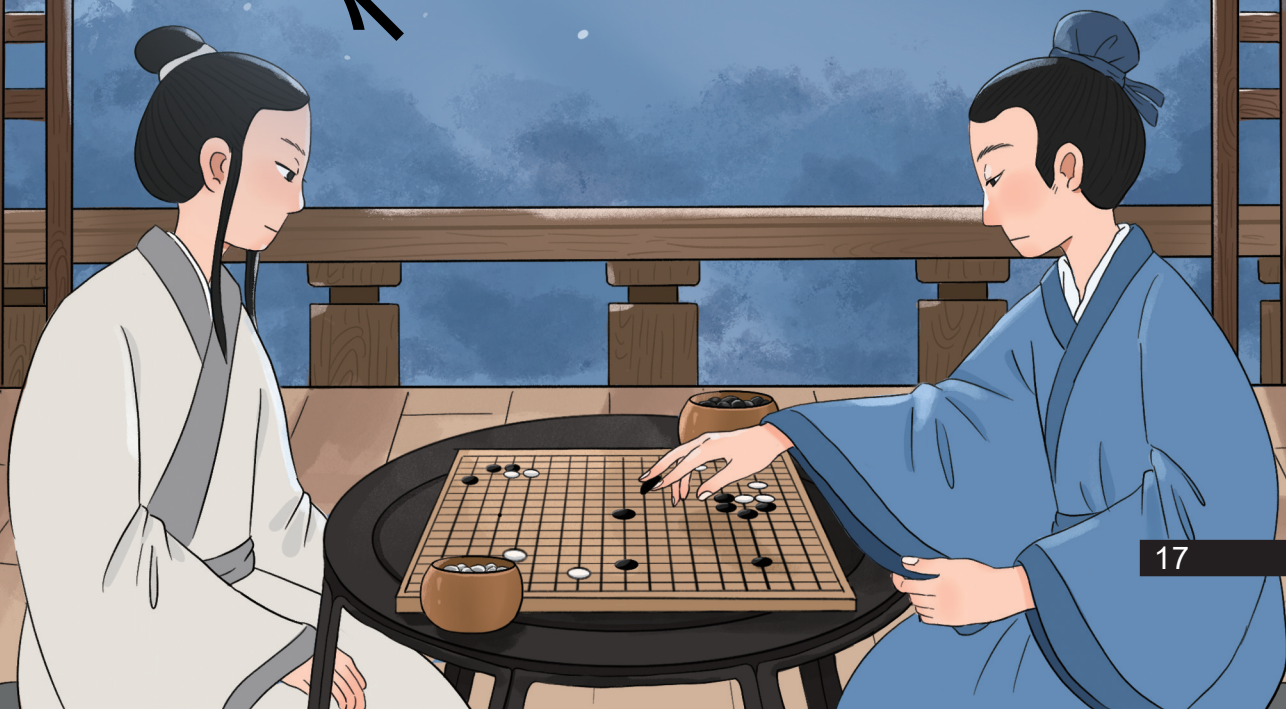
Players **take turns** (轮流) to place the stones.

They try to **control** (掌控、占据) more **territory** (地盘) to win the game.



My board is like the square field
under the moon.

In the black and white world, the
players fight in silence. They show
their **strategy** (策略), **patience** (耐心)
and **foresight** (远见) in the game.





Long long ago, the wise King Yao (尧) invented the game for his son Dan Zhu (丹朱). At first, Dan Zhu was very naughty and always fought outside. But when he played Go, he loved it very much and played it every day. He thought about the wisdom of it. He understood the value of calm thinking by playing Go. Finally, he became better and better!



Besides Dan Zhu, there were also many famous people in ancient China, like Wang Xian and Huang Longshi, who played Go extremely well.



王积薪



黄龙士



Have a try!

1. What is another name for *Chinese Go*?
 - A. Weiqi.
 - B. Guqin.
 - C. Football.
2. How many crosses does a Go board have?
 - A. 361.
 - B. 181.
 - C. 180.
3. How many black stones are there in total?
 - A. 180.
 - B. 181.
 - C. 361.
4. Which moves first when playing Go?
 - A. Black.
 - B. White.
 - C. Both.
5. Who did King Yao invent Chinese Go for?
 - A. Dan Zhu.
 - B. Huang Longshi.
 - C. Wang Jixin.

(吴婷 / 供稿)

Keys: 1. A; 2. A; 3. B; 4. A; 5. A



Hidden Masters in the Animal Kingdom

动物王国的伪装大师

Many animals are the hidden masters! Lots of animals use clever tricks to avoid being eaten by others.



I am a **leaf butterfly** (枯叶蝶). I am like a yellow leaf when I close my wings. I can stay still and hide from birds.



I am a **stick insect** (竹节虫). I am like a thin twig (小树枝). I can hang on the trees.



I am a **flounder** (比目鱼). I lie flat. I look like sand on the ocean floor. Both of my eyes look upward to watch for danger.



I am an **octopus** (章鱼). I look like rocks or seaweed (海藻) on the ocean floor. I can change my colour in seconds.





I am a **sloth** (树懒). Green **algae** (藻类) grow on my fur. They make me look like a patch of moss in the trees.



I am a **mossy frog** (苔藓蛙). I am like a green **mossy** (苔藓) rock. I **curl up** (蜷缩) and hide in wet forests.





Find the hidden masters!

欢迎来到迷雾森林！这些动物界的伪装大师们都藏在哪儿？请仔细辨别，在图中圈出它们。

样品检测专用

(温泉 / 供稿)

(本栏目插图:月之狐插画工作室)



Fruit College (3)

◎ 沐 瞳

又到了“仲冬山果熟”的时节，瓜果飘香的水果学院迎来了家长开放日，果宝们的家长陆续来到水果学院。

芒果看到香蕉和一位气质优雅的女士走在一起。



Who's she, Banana?

She's my mother.



“who”是疑问词，意思是“谁”，引导特殊疑问句。“she”用于女性，意思是“她”；“he”用于男性，意思是“他”。

询问某人是谁

Who's + $\begin{cases} \text{he/she?} \\ \text{the boy/girl/man/woman ...?} \end{cases}$

答句

He's/She's + 姓名/身份.

Have a try!

选择合适的单词，补全对话。



1. _____ (Who/Who's) is that man?

2. _____ (He/He's) my father.

芒果和他的双胞胎弟弟向苹果走来。



Is he your twin brother?



Yes, he is.



想确认自己的猜测是否正确，用一般疑问句来询问。



一般疑问句	Is he/she/it ...? 他/她/它是……吗?
肯定回答	Yes, he/she/it is. 是的，他/她/它是。
否定回答	No, he/she/it isn't. 不，他/她/它不是。 (isn't = is not)

Have a try!

根据上下文提示补全对话。



Look at my family photo.



_____ he your father?



Yes, _____.



_____ she your mother?



No, she _____. _____ my aunt.



芒果看到两张陌生面孔,想去认识他们。



Are you Grape?



Yes, I am.

And this is my cousin.



这里用到了 be 动词。

主语和 be 动词搭配要牢记口诀: 我 (I) 用 am, 你 (you) 用 are, is 连着他 (he) 她 (she) 它 (it)。单数名词用 is, 复数名词用 are。

主语	I	you	he	she	it	this	we
be 动词	am	are	is	is	is	is	are
缩写	I'm	you're	he's	she's	it's	/	we're

Have a try!

选词填空。

A. are B. is C. am

I _____ Mango.

He _____ my brother.

We _____ twins.



菠萝向芒果介绍自己的爷爷。



Look! This is my grandpa.



Wow! Your grandpa is so tall.



my 和 your 属于形容词性物主代词，用于表示所属关系，后面必须接名词，不能单独使用。

	第一人称		第二人称		第三人称			
	单数	复数	单数	复数	单数		复数	
人称代词	I	we	you	you	he	she	it	they
形容词性 物主代词	my	our	your	your	his	her	its	their

Have a try!

根据上下文提示，补全短文。



Look! This is _____ grandma. _____ eyes are big.

This is _____ father. _____ is strong. This is _____

sister. _____ hair is long. _____ is very beautiful. _____

have a happy family. _____ all love _____ family.



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中英”，查看提示。

(本栏目插图:张小鹿) 27



Let's DIY • 巧手制作

Shaking Ice Cream



摇摇冰激凌



© 张萱忆

小朋友们,今天我们来做一款神奇的冰激凌——它不是冻出来的,而是“摇”出来的!快跟着我一起动手做起来,摇一摇、品美味吧!

Prepare the materials:



milk 100mL

light cream 100mL

condensed milk (炼乳) 5g

syrup (糖浆) 1g

ice 200g

salt 5g

a big food storage bag (食品保鲜袋)

a small food storage bag



Mix the milk, light cream, condensed milk and syrup. You can get a cup of sweet milk.



Pour the sweet milk into the small bag. Seal (密封) it.



Put the ice and salt into the big bag. Seal it.



Put the small bag into the big bag.



Sing a song and shake it!

Completed!





coach 教练



kick 踢(球)



run 跑

Football Time
踢球啦

referee 裁判



yellow card 黄牌

player 球员



pass 传(球)





1. We score a _____ when the ball goes into the net.
2. We _____ the ball with our feet to pass or shoot.
3. A _____ card means warning (警告).



关注我们，回复“2511
中英”，查看提示。

(可可 / 供稿)

(本栏目插图: 于天姿)



Listen and Match

听录音，帮同学们找到丢失的物品，并连线。



Zhang Wei



Li Mei



Chen Lin



Wang Fang



Xu Ming

